

Annotation

Phylloblastia dolichospora Vain. [as 'dolichophora'], Ann. Acad. Sci. fenn., Ser. A 15(no. 6): 323 (1921)

Family: Verrucariaceae

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Material examined: Philippines, Ouezon, on leaves, October 1909, R. C. McGregor, #10803 (C0003280F, isotype).

Note: Phylloblastia dolichospora could not find in the specimen (C0003280F, isotype of Phylloblastia dolichospora Vain.). The possible species are Strigula dispersa, S. concreta, S. prasina, S. smaragdula, S. subtilissima. The morphological characters are described as following:

Foliicolous on the surface of leaves with thallus. Sexual morph: Thallus continuous, mottled white, greenish-grey or brownish, thin to thick, crustose, non-lobate, smooth. Ascomata perithecial, solitary. usually paired or in groups of three, numerous, immersed to semi-immersed, smooth, ostiolate. Involucrellum convex, jet-black and glossy. Excipulum multi-layered, hyaline to lightly pigmented at the base and lower sides, dark brown towards the apex, composed of irregular cells. Hamathecium comprising long, filiform, simple to sparingly branched, hyaline paraphyses, non-periphyses. Asci unitunicate, fissitunicate, 8-spored, hyaline, clavate to oblong, apex rounded, ocular chamber minute. Ascospores uniseriate, hyaline, elongate-ellipsoid to elongate-fusiform, 3-septate, slightly curved at both ends, smooth-walled, without a thin gelatinous sheath. Asexual morph: Undetermined.

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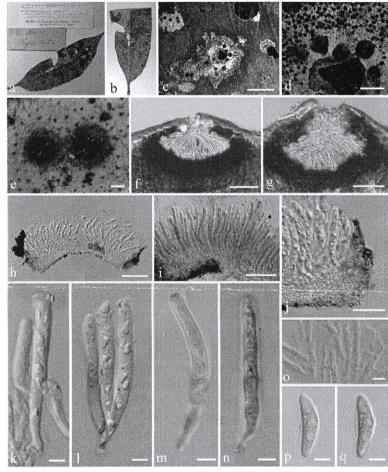


Fig. 1. a, b Herbarium material. c-e Appearance of ascomata on the surface of leaves with thallus. f, g Vertical section of ascomata. h-j Vertical section through peridium. k-n Asci. o Hamathecium. p, q Ascospores. Scale bars c = 5 mm, d= 1 mm, $e = 200 \mu m$, $f-i = 50 \mu m$, $j = 20 \mu m$, $k-q = 5 \mu m$.

