3,576 ft., 30-III-60, C. O. Handley, Jr. Mérida: 1 male and 1 female ex *Anoura cultrata* (SVP), 6 km SE La Azulita, La Carbonera, 1,870 m, 23-IV-66. MIRANDA: 1 male ex *Anoura cultrata* (SVP), 4 km SW Birongo, Cueva Walter Dupouy, Birongo, 195 m, 28-I-68.

# Exastinion deceptivum, new species

Exastinion deceptivum n. sp. resembles oculatum n. sp. in having 5-6 eye facets, but differs conspicuously in having 15 rather than 10 scutal setae.

As with *E. oculatum* n. sp., the description and figures of *E. clovisi* Pessôa and Guimarães generally applies to *deceptivum*, too. The following description includes those characters in which *deceptivum* differs or those that were not mentioned in the description of *clovisi*.

#### DESCRIPTION

Head. Eyes small, typically with 6 facets. Underside of palpi setose on  $\pm$  basal half. Thorax. Scutum with 15-16 setae. Metasternal lobe well developed, longer than broad as in clovisi. Abdomen. Lateral lobes of tergum 1+2 with 17-20 long macrosetae and 15-17 short setae. Sternum 2 with median setose area extending anteriorly to or slightly beyond midlength. Dorsolateral connexivum with a cluster of 10-12 longer setae behind lateral lobes of tergum 1+2, the setae following them shorter but not conspicuously so, becoming only slightly shorter distad, the distal ones longer than in either clovisi or oculatum. Seventh sternites with  $\pm$  16 setae, including  $\pm$  8 macrosetae,  $\pm$  6 short setae, and  $\pm$  2 of intermediate length. Male. Sternum 7+8 typically with 7 setae, 5-6 of them macrosetae. Tergum 9 with 16-17 setae, including macrosetae, the ventral ones shorter.

### MEASUREMENTS

	Males	Females
BL	1.52 - 1.64	1.74 - 2.06
TT.	0.47-0.52	0.50-0.54

Type Data: Male holotype (FMNH) and female allotype (FMNH) ex Anoura geoffroyi peruana (CJM 4934), Colombia, Cundinamarca: 12 km NNE of Bogotá, La Calera, 23-IV-66, C. J. Marinkelle. Paratypes—CO-LOMBIA. Antioquia: 4 males and 5 females (FMNH) ex Anoura geoffroyi, Urrao, Paramo de Frontino, 3,100 m, 2-III-51, P. Hershkovitz (FMNH Colombian Zool. Exped.). Cundinamarca: 2 females ex Anoura geoffroyi, Zipaquira, Paramo de Guerrero, 3,150

m, 3-VI-52, P. Hershkovitz (FMNH Colombian Zool. Exped.); 4 males and 1 female (FMNH), same data as the holotype; 2 males and 1 female (MCZ) ex Anoura geoffroyi apolinari [= peruana], Bogotá, H. Osorno. ECUADOR. AZUAY: 3 males and 1 female (AMNH) ex Anoura geoffroyi peruana, Cuenca, 13-VII-22. VENEZUELA. MÉRIDA: 4 males and 5 females ex 3 Anoura geoffroyi, Tabay, 6 km ESE Tabay, Middle Refugio, 2,550 m, 15-IV-66; 3 males, same host, La Carbonera, 12 km SE La Azulita, 2,190 m, 21-IV-66. MIRANDA: 2 females ex Anoura geoffroyi, Curupao, 5 km NNW Guarenas, 1,160 m, 6-X-66. Monagas: 2 males and 5 females ex Anoura geoffroyi, San Agustín, 5 km NW Caripe, 1,160-1,165 m, 27-VI-3-VII-67.

### OTHER MATERIAL EXAMINED:

Colombia. Nariño: 1 male ex Sturnira bidens, 6,000 ft., 12-VI-70, Kjell von Sneidern; 1 male ex Artibeus sp., La Victoria, 8,000 ft., 16-V-70, K. von Sneidern.

## REMARKS

Both Exastinion clovisi Pessôa and Guimarães and E. deceptivum n. sp. were taken from bats identified as Anoura geoffroyi. Unfortunately, the Venezuelan bats were not identified to subspecies, but the Colombian records of deceptivum from A. geoffroyi peruana suggest that the Venezuelan hosts of this fly may also have been A. g. peruana. However, the host species or subspecies of Anoura may be less important than altitude in determining the distribution of clovisi and deceptivum. Exastinion clovisi has been taken from A. g. geoffroyi, A. g. lasiopyga, and A. caudifera at generally much lower elevations than those at which most specimens of deceptivum were collected.